## Overview

Immigrant Latino day laborers working in residential construction are at especially high risk of both fatal and non-fatal traumatic injury. University-based researchers, a community-based worker organization, and an area labor union collaborated to design and administer a participatory, peer-led health and safety awareness program customized to the needs of Latino day laborers working in residential construction. Worker-trainers engaged participants in a series of tasks requiring teamwork and active problem-solving focused on applying safe practices to situations they encounter at their worksites. Researchers measured the impact of the training using a follow-up survey administered to participants two-to-six months after completion of the program.

## Key Findings

- The majority of day laborers who participated in this study reported great c about the hazards of their work and were receptive to learning about health a safety despite having limited in uence over employers.
- Participants in the follow-up surveys reported signi cant increases in use o hats, work boots, safety vests, and fall-arrest safety harnesses, and many des taking a more active role in making their job sites safer.
- Two-thirds of workers reported sharing information from the class with frien and co-workers.
- Participatory, peer-led training tailored to the needs of construction day laborers may have a positive effect on Latino immigrant workers• attitudes, w practices, and self-reported injury rates, but major changes would require em engagement.

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